

## Material data sheet

### Material description in general

The material KALCOR is a zirconium corundum, which has a high abrasion resistance and was developed for a very high micro-impact resistance. KALCOR is formed into tiles, shaped components and cylinders. This shape capability allows KALCOR to be manufactures into many different components demanded by various industries.

### **Material properties**

Feature	Unit	Data
Chemical composition	Wt% Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> +ZrO <sub>2</sub>	81 - 85
	Wt% SiO <sub>2</sub>	12 - 16
Hardness	Vickers HV1	950
Density	g/cm <sup>3</sup> lb/ft <sup>3</sup>	≥ 3.5 ≥ 218.49
Open porosity	%	< 5
Thermal coefficient of expansion	K <sup>-1</sup> (20 - 1000 °C) °F <sup>-1</sup> (68 − 1832 °F)	8 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> 4.44 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>
Thermal conductivity	W/mK (20 - 1000 °C) Btu inch/ft²h (68 - 1832 °F)	2.8 19.41
Max. application temperature	°C °F	1000 1832
Max. thermal shock resistance	K/h °F/h	150 302
Wear resistance acc. ASTM C704-15	cm³ with 90°	≤ 1.5

Approximate figures are given for all technical data. They are based on assessment of tests on specific samples and cannot be considered as a guarantee for which Kalenborn would have to assume legal responsibility. Subject to technical changes and errors.



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#### Installation

- Cylinders or shaped components in cement mortar or special setting compounds
- Mechanical fixing is also possible

#### **Advantages**

- High abrasion resistance
- High micro impact resistance
- High temperature resistance
- High thermal shock resistance
- Very high chemical resistance

# Applications from energy and the environment, cement and building materials, iron and steel, mining and other industries

centrifuges and driers

chain and screw conveyors
chutes and hoppers
cyclones
diverter
drying drums
immersion pipes
mixers
nozzles
pipes and bends
separators
separators, fans
skip collecting bins
skips and skip chutes
supply channels
venturis

Due to the manufacturing process, it is not possible to exclude small variations in the properties of the product. This affects tolerances in the size, outer appearance, and surface finish. Included are some typical features of mineral/ceramic materials, such as spalling, porosity, and hairline cracks, all of which can be present within the range of specified tolerances.